# **Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme**

Report and Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

Registration number: 12006253

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# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Principal Employer and Advisers to the Scheme

#### **Trustees**

Hugh Francis McAuley "original trustees" (appointed: 24 July 2012, removed: 7 October 2013)

Stephen Harman "original trustees" (appointed: 24 July 2012, removed: 7 October 2013)

Dalriada Trustees Limited (appointed: 19 September 2013)

Linen Loft 27-37 Adelaide Street Belfast

BT2 8FE

## **Principal Employer**

Innovation Property Solutions (UK) Limited (dissolved 28 July 2015) 73 Liverpool Road Crosby Liverpool L23 5SE

#### Administrator

Dalriada Trustees Limited (appointed: 19 September 2013) Linen Loft 27-37 Adelaide Street Belfast BT2 8FE

## Auditor

Johnston Carmichael LLP (appointed: 29 January 2019) Statutory Auditor 227 West George Street Glasgow G2 2ND

## **Legal Adviser**

Pinsent Masons LLP (appointed: 19 September 2013) 30 Crown Place Earl Street London EC2A 4ES

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Principal Employer and Advisers to the Scheme

## **Investment managers**

Arterial Distribution Limited (appointed: 18 April 2013) Third Floor, Elizabeth House Ruettes Brayes St Peter Port Guernsey, GY1 1EW

Innovation Property Solutions (UK) Limited (dissolved 28 July 2015) (appointed: 9 July 2013, removed: 21 April 2015)
73 Liverpool Road
Crosby
Liverpool
L23 5SE

Par Management Services Limited (dissolved 20 June 2017) (appointed: 18 April 2013) Unit 6 Trident Park Trident Way Blackburn BB1 3NU

## **Bankers**

Santander Bridle Road Bootle L30 4GB

Barclays Bank PLC 6th Floor Donegall House Donegall Square North Belfast, BT1 5GB

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Trustee's Report

#### Introduction

The Trustee of the Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme ("the Scheme") presents its report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022. The Scheme is a defined contribution scheme.

The Scheme was established on 24 July 2012, and is currently governed by the trust deed and rules of the same date, as subsequently amended by supplemental deeds. In accordance with the provisions of Schedule 36 of the Finance Act 2004, the Scheme is a registered pension scheme under Chapter 2 of part 4 of the Finance Act 2004.

The Annual Governance Statement included as Appendix 1 and the Compliance Statement set out on pages 23 and 24 form part of this report.

## **Scheme management**

The Trustee who served during the year was:

Dalriada Trustees Limited.

The directors of Dalriada Trustees Limited are D N Copeland (resigned 30 September 2022), R D Fogarty, C M Johnstone (resigned 29 April 2022), A B Kennett, T Lukic, C J Roberts, B D Spence, K S Stafford (appointed 6 June 2022) and V Vassou. The directors of Dalriada were appointed in accordance with that company's Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Dalriada Trustees Limited was appointed by Order of the Court following an application by The Pensions Regulator, with exclusive powers, on 19 September 2013 and can only be removed by an Order of the Court.

Dalriada Trustees Limited ("Dalriada") has appointed external specialists to advise on legal and accounting matters.

## **Internal Dispute Resolution Procedure (IDRP)**

It is a requirement of the Pensions Act 1995 that all occupational pension schemes must have a dispute resolution procedure in place for dealing with any disputes between the Trustee and the Scheme beneficiaries. A dispute resolution procedure has been agreed by the Trustee, details of which can be obtained by writing to Dalriada Trustees Limited, Linen Loft, 27-37 Adelaide Street, Belfast, BT2 8FE. Email: <a href="mailto:liverpooladmin@dalriadatrustees.co.uk">liverpooladmin@dalriadatrustees.co.uk</a>

#### **Financial development of the Scheme**

The financial statements of the Scheme for the year ended 30 June 2022 are set out on pages 15 to 20; the Trustee's summary of contributions and the Auditor's statement about contributions are set out on pages 21 and 22. The financial statements have been prepared and audited in accordance with the regulations made under section 41(1) and (6) of the Pensions Act 1995. They show that the value of the fund decreased from £226,824 at 30 June 2021 to £153,816 at 30 June 2022.

For defined contribution schemes, investments purchased by the Scheme are allocated to provide benefits to the individual members. The original Trustees / administrators did not make any allocation of funds when the members transferred into the Scheme. Consequently Dalriada has been unable to carry out an allocation of funds to members and may, in time, require further direction from the Court as to the most appropriate allocation method to use.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Trustee's Report

## Transfers at less than cash equivalent

No transfer values were paid during the year.

#### Membership

As at 30 June 2022, 69 members were entitled to benefits from the Scheme.

Changes to the membership of the Scheme during the year are set out in the following table.

	Deferred	Pensioner
Membership at 01/07/2021	69	
Membership at 30/06/2022	69	

## **Pension increases**

No pensions were paid during the year.

## **Changes to the Scheme rules**

There were no changes made to the Scheme rules during the year.

## **Governance and Risk Management**

Dalriada was appointed by Order of the Court following an application by The Pensions Regulator who had concerns as to the way the Scheme was being managed and, also, that it was being used as a vehicle for pension liberation.

Following its appointment, Dalriada identified a number of concerns surrounding the administration of the Scheme.

No proper accounting records appeared to have been kept and Dalriada has therefore created the appropriate accounting information which underpins the financial statements appended to this Report.

Member data has now been installed onto a robust administration software system and all administration tasks are carried out by Dalriada.

As investigations into the Scheme continue, Dalriada will continue to develop its business plan which set out its objectives in such areas as administration, investment, funding and communication. A risk register has been put in place setting out the key risks to which the Scheme is subject to and the controls in place to mitigate these.

A comprehensive review of 'Code of practice 13: Governance and administration of occupational defined contribution trust-based pension schemes' has also been completed.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Trustee's Report

## **Governance and Risk Management (continued)**

The results and the areas where compliance has not been possible have been shared with The Pensions Regulator.

In November 2020, a judgment was handed down following Court proceedings involving Dalriada and the Pension Protection Fund (PPF) with regard to eligibility of schemes like the Innovation scheme to make claims on the Fraud Compensation Fund (FCF). In short, the judge found that schemes of this nature were able to make applications. In anticipation of this, and due to having to comply with regulatory deadlines, Dalriada submitted a claim in 2019. In September 2022, the FCF advised that they were satisfied that there was evidence of dishonesty and, as such, the Scheme was eligible for compensation. from the FCF. Dalriada is now working with the FCF in relation to the claim and further information will be provided as matters progress.

## Trustee knowledge and understanding

The Pensions Act 2004 requires trustees to have sufficient knowledge and understanding of pensions and trust law and be conversant with the Scheme documentation. The Pensions Regulator has published a Code of Practice on Trustee Knowledge and Understanding to assist trustees on this matter which became effective from 6 April 2006 and was updated with effect from April 2015. As a professional trustee, Dalriada, maintains an ongoing training programme for all of its staff.

## **Further information**

Further information about the Scheme is available, on request, to members, their spouses and other beneficiaries.

If members have any complaints or queries regarding the Scheme, or wish to obtain further information, they should contact Dalriada Trustees Limited, Linen Loft, 27-37 Adelaide Street, Belfast, BT2 8FE. Email: <a href="mailto:liverpooladmin@dalriadatrustees.co.uk">liverpooladmin@dalriadatrustees.co.uk</a>

The General Data Protection Regulations 2016/679 (Regulations) cover information which is held electronically, i.e. computer based information and extend data protection laws to cover paper-based records held for individuals. The Regulations contain restrictions on the processing of special categories of data as defined in the Regulations, to which individuals must give their consent. This category of data can include information on, for example, the health of a member or marital status.

Members' personal data will be used by the Scheme's advisers to administer the Scheme, and may be passed to other professional providers or advisers.

The Trustee and the Scheme's advisers each have a legal obligation and a legitimate interest to process data relating to members for the purposes of administering and operating the Scheme, which includes passing on data to third parties, as mentioned above.

The Trustee is regarded as 'Controller' for the purposes of the Regulations, in relation to the process referred to above. The advisers appointed by the Trustee are usually 'Processors', however, some advisers, such as the Scheme Actuary and auditors are considered to be controllers by the various professional regulatory bodies. Under the Regulations where two or more controllers jointly determine the purposes and means of processing, they shall be joint controllers of the data.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Trustee's Report

## **Investment report**

Other than funds held in cash in the Scheme's bank accounts, all monies transferred into the Scheme were invested as follows:

£1,985,000 was invested in a Guernsey-based company, Arterial Distribution Limited ("Arterial").

A further sum in excess of £269,000 was loaned to Innovation PS Limited, a company operated by Mr Mcauley. This was only later claimed by Mr Mcauley to be a loan and not made clear to Dalriada at the time it was appointed even though Mr Mcauley provided a sworn affidavit to Court.

£120,000 was loaned to Par Management Services Limited of which only £39,000 was repaid to the Scheme.

The money paid to Arterial purported to relate to an investment in a company developing a pharmaceutical diagnostics tool. Dalriada and its legal advisers had been in communication with Arterial and their legal advisers (as well as two other Arterial companies, Arterial Capital Management Limited and Arterial HPV Limited, also based in Guernsey) to try and understand the investment better but had little understanding of the value of the investment, or even if it had any value at all. It appeared that this was a very high risk investment and not appropriate for the Scheme. Dalriada concluded that the investment had no value and considered further action against a number of individuals and entities but decided this was not worth pursuing given the potential costs and the limited likelihood of any recovery. This decision was shared with the FCF, given the position with regard to the FCF claim and the need for the Scheme to be at a position of last resort with regard to any potential recoveries.

Because there was no explanation for the loan payments to Innovation PS Limited and Par Management Services Limited initially, Dalriada instructed its legal advisers to seek a freezing order from the Court against Innovation PS Limited, Mr Mcauley, his wife and Formby Playsports Limited, another company operated by Mr Mcauley that had received some of the money paid to Innovation PS Limited. Dalriada did this on an urgent basis and without notice to any of the other parties in order to ensure that funds were protected if a freezing order was granted.

The freezing order was granted by the Court at a hearing on 14 February 2014 and the money loaned to Innovation PS Limited was ultimately repaid in full, with a further payment as contribution towards the cost of the legal action and lost interest.

Subsequently, Dalriada concluded that there was a basis to pursue recovery of funds paid to Arterial as well, given Mr and Mrs Mcauley had not obtained any investment advice when entering into the agreements with that entity. Dalriada commenced further Court proceedings alleging that Mr and Mrs Mcauley had acted in breach of trust in making the payments to Arterial.

Dalriada sought summary judgment (i.e. that the Court considered the claim so strong as to not justify the need for full legal proceedings as any defence had little prospect of success) and obtained summary judgment in relation to about half the sum given a query over the liberated amount.

An initial settlement was reached in February 2018 for £506,504. This figure was increased to £516,864 by a variation to the settlement agreement made in May 2018, following Mr Mcauley's failure to pay the sum due. Whilst the Scheme received a payment of £192,976 it became clear that Mr Mcauley was not going to be able to pay the balance due. In June 2019, Dalriada reached a final settlement agreement for £287,786, to be payable immediately, this was received into the Scheme on 2 July 2019, plus a further £84,034 due to be paid before the end of 2019, on the sale of Mr Mcauley's buy to let portfolio. This final settlement was felt likely to generate a greater return to the Scheme than the alternative of looking to pursue Mr Mcauley into bankruptcy. In April 2021, Dalriada received a further £28,779 in part payment of the amount outstanding. Dalriada and its lawyers continued to negotiate with Mr Mcauley and eventually received a further £14,390 in October 2022, in full and final settlement of the amount due.

## **Custodial arrangements**

Dalriada has been unable to obtain details of any custodial arrangements having been put in place.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Trustee's Report

## **Investment principles**

The Trustee of the Scheme is exempt from the requirement to produce a Statement of Investment Principles as the Scheme has less than 100 members.

## **Employer related investments**

There were no employer related investments at any time during the year within the meaning of section 40(2) of the Pensions Act 1995.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Trustee's Report

#### Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities

The financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK (FRS 102), are the responsibility of the Trustee. Pension scheme regulations require, and the Trustee is responsible for ensuring, that those financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the Scheme year and of the amount and disposition at the end of the Scheme year of the assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the Scheme year, and
- contain the information specified in the Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, including a statement whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework applicable to occupational pension schemes.

In discharging the above responsibilities, the Trustee is responsible for selecting suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making any estimates and judgments on a prudent and reasonable basis, and for the preparation of the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Scheme will not be wound up.

The Trustee is also responsible for making available certain other information about the Scheme in the form of an Annual Report.

The Trustee also has a general responsibility for ensuring that adequate accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Scheme and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal control.

The Trustee is responsible under pensions legislation for securing that a Payment Schedule is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised showing the rates of contributions payable towards the Scheme by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Scheme and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid. The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Scheme adopting a risk based process to monitor whether contributions are made to the Scheme by the employer in accordance with the Payment Schedule. Where breaches of the schedule occur, the Trustee is required by the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 to consider making reports to The Pensions Regulator and the members.

Signed for and on behalf of the Trustee

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Independent Auditor's report to the Trustee

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of the Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme (the 'Scheme') for the year ended 30 June 2022 which comprise the fund account, statement of net assets and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the year ended 30 June 2022, and of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the year;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the report and financial statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Trustee is responsible for the other information contained within the report and financial statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Independent Auditor's report to the Trustee

## **Responsibilities of Trustee**

As explained more fully in the Trustee's responsibilities statement set out on page 10, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee is responsible for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intends to wind up the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit is considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We assessed whether the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations by considering their experience, past performance and support available.

All engagement team members were briefed on relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks at the planning stage of the audit. Engagement team members were reminded to remain alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Scheme, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The most relevant frameworks we identified include:

- The Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996.
- The Pension Schemes Statement of Recommended Practice (2018).
- The Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004.

We gained an understanding of how the Scheme is complying with these laws and regulations by making enquiries of the Trustee. We corroborated these enquiries through our review of the Trustee maintained breaches register.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Scheme's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by enquiring of the Trustee to understand where it was considered there was susceptibility to fraud. This evaluation also considered how the Trustee is remunerated and whether this provided an incentive for fraudulent activity. We considered the overall control environment and how the Trustee oversees the implementation and operation of controls. In areas of the financial statements where the risks were considered to be higher, we performed procedures to address each identified risk.

The following procedures were performed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free of material fraud or error:

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Independent Auditor's report to the Trustee

## Auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

- Reviewing member announcements published by the Trustee on the Scheme's website.
- Reviewing the latest available internal control reports of the Scheme administrator.
- Performing audit work procedures over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of
  journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the rationale of significant
  transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing judgements made by management in
  their calculation of accounting estimates for potential management bias.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
  is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
  misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
  collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Scheme's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Trustee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Scheme to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation (ie. gives a true and fair view).

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Independent Auditor's report to the Trustee

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Scheme's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with Regulation 3 of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Scheme's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme's Trustee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Johnston Carmichael LLP **Statutory Auditor** 

Johnston Cornichael LLP

227 West George Street Glasgow G2 2ND

Date: 31/01/2023

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Financial Statements

## For the year ended 30 June 2022

## **Fund Account**

Contributions and benefits	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Other income	3	14,390 14,390	<u>28,779</u> 28,779
Administrative expenses	4	(87,670) (87,670)	(67,935) (67,935)
Net withdrawals from dealings with members		(73,280)	(39,156)
Investment income Net returns on investments	5	272 272	<u> </u>
Net decrease in the fund for the year Net assets at 1 July 2021		(73,008) 226,824	(39,156) 265,980
Net assets at 30 June 2022		153,816	226,824

The notes on pages 17 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Financial Statements

## Statement of Net Assets (available for benefits) as at 30 June 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Current assets	6	188,607	266,903
<b>Current liabilities</b>	7	(34,791)	(40,079)
Net assets at 30 June 2022		153,816	226,824

The financial statements summarise the transactions of the Scheme and deal with the net assets at the disposal of the Trustee. They do not take account of obligations to pay pensions and benefits which fall due after the end of the Scheme year.

The notes on pages 17 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the Trustee and authorised for issue on  $\frac{31/01/2023}{1}$ 

Signed for and on behalf of the Trustee

For Dalriada Trustees Limited.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Notes to the Financial Statements

## 1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, Financial Reporting Standard 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), Financial Reports of Pension Schemes (revised 2018), published by the Pensions Research Accountants Group.

#### 1.1. Identification of the financial statements

The Scheme is established as a trust and is governed by, the laws of England and Wales. The Principal Employer's registered address is disclosed on page 3 and the address for enquiries to the Scheme is included in the Trustee's Report on page 7.

## 2. Accounting policies

#### **Functional currency**

The functional currency used in the financial statements is Sterling and all figures have been rounded to the nearest pound.

## **Investment Income**

Interest on bank deposits is accounted for as it accrues.

## **Other Income**

Other income has been accounted for on an accruals basis.

#### **Transfers**

Individual transfers to and from the Scheme during the year are included in the financial statements on the basis of when the member liability is accepted or discharged which is normally when the transfer amount is paid or received.

There were no transfers out during the year.

## **Benefits**

Benefits payable are included in the accounts on an accruals basis when the member notifies the Trustee as to the type or amount of benefit to be taken, or where there is no choice, on the date of retirement or leaving. Currently Dalriada is not able to identify benefits payable.

## **Administrative expenses**

Administrative expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Investment

In the absence of evidence to contrary, the only reasonable and prudent approach that Dalriada can take in valuing these investments is to assume that they have no value. Where the amount to be recovered or returned can be estimated with reasonable certainty investments are valued on this basis.

#### 3. Other Income

Legal settlement	2022 £ 14,390 14,390	2021 £ 28,779 28,779
4. Administrative expenses		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Audit fees	3,960	3,540
Legal fees	17,473	16,662
Trustee fees	66,197	47,094
Other professional fees	40	639
·	87,670	67,935

Under the terms of its appointment the fees of Dalriada and its advisers should be met from Scheme funds.

Due to the mismanagement of the Scheme by its previous trustees and the subsequent actions taken by Dalriada since appointment, it is inevitable that the Scheme has incurred, and will continue to incur, significantly higher ongoing costs than would be the case for a similarly sized but conventional scheme.

## 5. Investment income

Interest on cash deposits	2022 £ 272 272	2021 £
6. Current assets		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Sundry debtors	14,390	-
Cash balances	174,217	266,903
	188,607	266,903

Included in the bank balance for the year ended 30 June 2022 is £174,217 (2021: £266,903) which is not allocated to members.

Consequently Dalriada has been unable to carryout an allocation of funds to members and may, in time, require further direction from the Court as to the most appropriate allocation method to use.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 7. Current liabilities

	2022	2021
	£	£
Accrued expenses	(13,570)	(19,338)
Sundry creditors	(21,221)	(20,741)
	(34,791)	(40,079)

The sundry creditors figure represents funds which are due to the Merseyside Care Retirement Benefits Scheme with regards to the Legal settlement and funds previously transferred from Merseyside Care Retirement Benefits Scheme.

## 8. Related Party Transactions

Dalriada Trustees Limited has charged the Scheme £66,197 (2021: £47,094) in respect of Trustee expenses for the year. An amount of £5,695 (2021: £11,075) was owing to Dalriada Trustees Limited at the year end.

During the year Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme paid fees for Merseyside Care Retirement Benefits Scheme which totalled £nil (2021: £35,239). As at 30 June 2021 Merseyside Care Retirement Benefits Scheme still owed Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme £nil (2021: £480).

As at 30 June 2022, the Scheme owed £21,221 (2021: £21,221) to Merseyside Care Retirement Benefits Scheme in respect of legal settlements and other funds held on behalf of Merseyside Care Retirement Benefits Scheme by the Scheme.

#### 9. Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at the year end.

## 10. Subsequent Events

To the extent that the Scheme may have been used as a vehicle for pension liberation, members may be liable for unauthorised payment tax charges and the Scheme, in turn, liable for corresponding Scheme Sanction Charges. We are not aware that HMRC have levied such charges but it remains a possibility.

## 11. Taxation

The Scheme is a registered Pension Scheme under Chapter 2 of Part 4 of the Finance Act 2004 and is therefore exempt from income tax and capital gains taxes.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Notes to the Financial Statements

## 12. Self investment

There were no known instances of self investment in the year.

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Summary of Contributions

During the year ended 30 June 2022 no contributions were due or paid to the Scheme.  $\,$ 

Signed 1	for and on behalf of the Trustee
For Dalr	riada Trustees Limited
Date	31/01/2023

## Independent Auditor's Statement about Contributions to the Trustee of the Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme

We have examined the summary of contributions to the Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme for the Scheme year ended 30 June 2022 to which is set out on page 21.

## Statement about contributions payable under the Scheme rules

In our opinion contributions for the Scheme year ended 30 June 2022 as reported in the summary of contributions and payable under the Scheme rules have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Scheme rules.

## Scope of work on Statement about Contributions

Our examination involves obtaining evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported in the attached summary of contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Scheme rules. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the Scheme and the timing of those payments under the Scheme rules.

## Respective responsibilities of the Trustee and the auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for securing that a payment schedule is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Scheme by the employer in accordance with the payment schedule.

It is our responsibility to provide a Statement about Contributions paid under the Scheme rules and to report our opinion to you.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Trustee, as a body in accordance with Regulation 4 of The Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Statement about Contributions and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Scheme's Trustee as a body, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Johnston Carmichael LLP

Johnston Carmichael LLP

Statutory Auditor

227 West George Street Glasgow G2 2ND

Date: 31/01/2023

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Compliance Statement

## Changes in and other matters relating to the Scheme advisers

Any changes to Scheme advisers are listed in the "Principal Employer and Advisers to the Scheme" section on pages 3 and 4.

## **Pension Tracing Service**

The Pension Tracing Service provides a tracing service for members (and their dependants) of previous employers' schemes, who have lost touch with earlier employers and trustees. To trace a benefit entitlement under a former employer's scheme, enquiries should be addressed to:

Telephone: 0800 731 0193

Website: https://www.gov.uk/find-pension-contact-details

## The Money and Pensions Service (MaPS)

The Money and Pensions Service creates one organisation from the three existing providers of government-sponsored financial guidance:

- The Money Advice Service
- The Pensions Advisory Service
- Pension Wise

The Money and Pensions Service brings together for the first time the provision of debt advice, money guidance and pensions guidance. For pensions guidance the Money and Pensions Service will provide information to the public on matters relating to workplace and personal pensions. From 30 June 2021, the new consumer-face of MaPS is Money Helper.

Telephone: 0115 965 9570

Email: pensions.enquiries@moneyhelper.org.uk

Website: www.moneyhelper.org.uk

#### **The Pensions Ombudsman**

In cases where a complaint or dispute cannot be resolved under the IDRP, an application can be made to the Pensions Ombudsman to investigate and determine any complaint or dispute of fact or law involving occupational pension scheme. The Pensions Ombudsman can be contacted at:

10 South Colonnade Canary Wharf E14 4PU

Telephone: 0800 917 4487

Website: www.pensions-ombudsman.org.uk

E-mail: enquiries@pensions-ombudsman.org.uk

# Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme Compliance Statement

## The Pensions Regulator

The statutory body that regulates occupational pension schemes is The Pensions Regulator (TPR). TPR can be contacted at:

The Pensions Regulator Napier House Trafalgar Place Brighton BN1 4DW

Telephone: 0345 600 1011

Website: www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk

E-mail: <a href="mailto:customersupport@tpr.gov.uk">customersupport@tpr.gov.uk</a>

**Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme** 

# **Appendix 1**

# The Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme ("the Scheme") Annual Governance Statement

By the Chair of Trustees for the Scheme Year Ending 30 June 2022



Dalriada. A better way

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## Introduction and Background

This statement has been prepared in accordance with regulation 23 the Occupational Pension Scheme (Scheme Administration) Regulations 1996, as amended (the "Administration Regulations"), and having taken account of the related guidance from The Pensions Regulator ("TPR"), most recently updated in March 2022, when considering the various aspects of the operation of the Scheme on which we are required to report to members.

It relates to the Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme ("the Scheme") and covers the period from 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022.

This statement will be published on a website made available to members.

Consideration has also been given to TPR's 'A quick guide to the chair's statement' and to the Department for Work and Pensions guide on 'Reporting of costs, charges and other information', both published in September 2018.

Matters in relation to the Scheme are considered by a dedicated committee of the Dalriada Trustees Limited ("Dalriada") Board, which meets at least four times a year. However, issues are also considered on an ad hoc basis between committee meetings. The Scheme has a dedicated client manager, alongside a project manager, who ensures anything requiring attention by the committee is communicated, and acted upon, in a timely manner.

As we have communicated previously, Dalriada was appointed as Independent Trustee of the Scheme by Court Order on 19 September 2013. The powers and duties exercisable by Dalriada in its capacity as trustee are to the exclusion of any other trustees of the Scheme. Whilst the two previous individual trustees were not removed at the time, Dalriada Trustees Limited ("Dalriada") was appointed with exclusive powers.

The Scheme was suspected of being used as a vehicle to allow members under the minimum retirement age of 55 to access their pension funds by way of a loan or some other form of cash inducement.

Dalriada established that of the funds paid into the Scheme, £1,985,000 was invested in a Guernsey-based company, Arterial Distribution Ltd. A further sum in excess of £269,000 was loaned to Innovation PS Limited, a company operated by one of the former trustees, Mr Mcauley. This was only later claimed by Mr Mcauley to be a loan and not made clear to Dalriada at the time it was appointed even though Mr Mcauley provided a sworn affidavit to Court.

£120,000 was loaned to Par Management Services Limited of which only £39,000 was repaid to the Scheme.

Because there was no explanation for the loan payments to Innovation PS Limited and Par Management Services Limited initially, Dalriada instructed its legal advisers to seek a freezing order from the Court against Innovation PS, Mr Mcauley, his wife and Formby Playsports Limited, another company operated by Mr Mcauley that had received some of the money paid to Innovation PS Limited. Dalriada did this on an urgent basis and without notice to any of the other parties in order to ensure that funds were protected if a freezing order was granted.

The freezing order was granted by the Court at a hearing on 14 February 2014 and the money loaned to Innovation PS Limited was ultimately repaid in full, with a further payment as contribution towards the cost of legal action and lost interest.

Subsequently, Dalriada concluded that there was a basis to pursue recovery of funds paid to Arterial as well, given Mr and Mrs Mcauley had not obtained any investment advice when entering into that investment. Dalriada commenced further Court proceedings alleging that Mr and Mrs Mcauley had acted in breach of trust in making the payments to Arterial.

Dalriada sought summary judgment (i.e. that the Court considered the claim so strong as to not justify the need for full legal proceedings as any defence had little prospect of success) and obtained summary judgment in relation to about half the sum given a query over the liberated amount.

An initial settlement was reached in February 2018 for £506,504. This figure was increased to £516,864 by a variation to the settlement agreement made in May 2018, following Mr Mcauley's failure to pay the sum due. Whilst the Scheme received a payment of £192,976 it became clear that Mr Mcauley was not going to be able to pay the balance due. In June 2019, Dalriada reached a final settlement agreement for £287,786, to be payable immediately plus a further £84,034 due to be paid before the end of 2019 on the sale of Mr Mcauley's buy to let portfolio. This final settlement was felt likely to generate a greater return to the Scheme that the alternative of looking to pursue Mr Mcauley into bankruptcy.

Dalriada received £287,786 in July 2019 and £28,779 in April 2021. Ultimately, a payment of £14,390 was received in October 2022, in full and final settlement. Dalriada concluded, on advice from its legal advisers that it would not make sense from a costs-benefit analysis to pursue the Mcauleys any further.

The money paid to Arterial purported to relate to an investment in a company developing a pharmaceutical diagnostics tool. Dalriada and its legal were in communication with Arterial and their legal advisers (as well as two other Arterial companies, Arterial Capital Management Limited and Arterial HPV Limited, also based in Guernsey) to try and understand the investment. It appeared that the investment in Arterial was a very high risk investment and not appropriate for the Scheme.

Dalriada determined that the investment had no value and considered further action against a number of individuals and entities but decided this was not worth pursuing given the potential costs and the limited likelihood of any recovery.

#### Fraud Compensation Fund

As set out in the last Chair Statement, the Fraud Compensation Fund ("FCF") is open to claims by occupational pension schemes that have suffered a loss as a result of an act of dishonesty. Dalriada submitted a claim on behalf of the Scheme to the FCF in July 2019.

The FCF has now confirmed that the Scheme is eligible for compensation, having agreed that it has suffered losses as a result of fraud or dishonesty. This is very positive news for the Scheme and its members.

Dalriada is now working closely with the FCF to calculate and agree the total value of compensation to be paid as well as to confirm the date of payment to the Scheme.

As soon as the Scheme has been compensated by the FCF, Dalriada will look to put the Scheme into wind up and settle members' benefits subject to any terms and conditions imposed by the FCF and subject to the resolution of any potential tax issues that may arise with HMRC. Dalriada will keep members informed of any progress by way of further Announcements.

## **Default arrangement**

A number of requirements of the Administration Regulations relate only to a "default arrangement" as defined in the Occupational Pension Schemes (Charges and Governance) Regulations 2015.

The Scheme does not have a default fund for ongoing accrual. It is not a qualifying scheme within the meaning given by section 99 of the Pensions Act 2008. The Scheme is not used to meet any auto-enrolment obligations and no contributions are being paid into the Scheme. The Scheme's assets are made up solely by way of member transfer payments into the Scheme.

The Scheme did not, and does not, offer a Default Lifestyle Strategy and did not offer members any choice as to how their funds were invested.

The Scheme did not offer members any choice as to how their funds were invested, funds were invested in a number of unusual, high risk and largely illiquid investments which are difficult to value.

The previous trustees made investment decisions without seeking appropriate investment advice.

As such, in Dalriada's view, there has never been an appropriate default investment arrangement. There is no life-styling option available.

Dalriada will take appropriate advice to determine a suitable investment strategy which reflects Dalriada's intention to wind up the Scheme as soon as it is able, giving members the opportunity to transfer any remaining funds to a more suitable arrangement.

This Chair's Statement, and other information, is published on a dedicated Scheme website, however as the ultimate value of the Scheme's assets will be dependent on the amount of compensation received as a result of the FCF claim and, also, there remains the possibility of tax charges levied by HMRC, Dalriada cannot produce meaningful annual benefit statements for Scheme members. We are therefore unable to comply with the requirement to notify members in an annual benefit statement that the relevant parts of the Chair's Statement have been published on the website.

Similarly, for the reasons outlined in the above sections, it is not possible to provide members with a meaningful statement of the return on their investments.

## **Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP")**

Ordinarily, trustees should prepare a statement of investment principles ("SIP") governing decisions about investments.

No serviceable Statement of Investment Principles exists for the Scheme. However, as the Scheme has fewer than 100 members it is not a requirement.

## Review of default strategy and default arrangements

There is no default investment arrangement or default investment strategy in place for the Scheme at the current time. As such, there has been no review of the default arrangement or default strategy in the year in question and no previous review for which a date can be given.

## **Core Financial Transactions**

Trustees have a specific duty to ensure that core financial transactions relating to DC schemes are processed promptly and accurately. These include the following:

- investing contributions in the scheme
- transferring assets related to members into or out of the scheme
- transferring the assets between different investments within the scheme
- making payments from the scheme to or on behalf of the members.

The Scheme does not currently accept contributions or transfers in and is unable to pay any level of benefit, including transfers values, to members at the present time.

As commented above, this is due to a number of factors, not least uncertainty, to date, as to the ultimate value of the Scheme's investments, in turn, dependent on the amount of compensation received as a result of the FCF claim and, also, the position with regard to potential tax charges which may be levied against the Scheme should it be deemed that any unauthorised payments to members occurred.

The financial transactions the Scheme does make are, in the main, in relation to costs.

Unsurprisingly, Dalriada has been unable to carry out routine administrative actions for the Scheme over the reporting period. Therefore, there have been no material administration service issues which need to be reported here.

Notwithstanding this, Dalriada, as a professional independent trustee, has processes and controls in place that are suitably designed to ensure any service objectives can be achieved once the Scheme is in a position to operate in the manner of a normal scheme. Dalriada's administrations processes are independently audited and accredited under AAF 01/06 and AAF 02/07.

Once Dalriada is in a position to process member benefit requests these will be managed and monitored in line with Dalriada's standard SLA levels and targets and formally reported on, on a quarterly basis.

In addition, acknowledging that we need accurate member data for the processing of member benefits, Dalriada will carry out an analysis of 'common data' and 'scheme specific data' (as defined by TPR). This helps us to ensure the integrity of member data that is processed.

We perform monthly bank account reconciliations for all the schemes to which Dalriada is appointed. The purpose of these reconciliations is to ensure that all transactions processed through the bank accounts (money in and out) can be accounted for. Any transactions which cannot be accounted for are investigated and corrected if required.

## **Charges and Transaction Costs**

The governance rules require trustees to make an assessment of investment management charges and transactions costs borne by the scheme members and the extent to which those charges and costs represent good value for money for members.

The Trustee has calculated the charges and, so far as they were able to do so, the transaction costs, borne by Scheme members for the Scheme Year.

In this context, "charges" means (subject to some specific exceptions, such as charges relating to pension sharing orders) all administration charges other than transaction costs.

"Transaction costs" are costs incurred as a result of the buying, selling, lending or borrowing of investments.

Dalriada has deviated from the approach set out in the statutory guidance for the reasons set out below.

In the period covered by this Chair's Statement there have been no transactions, as no payments into the Scheme have been accepted, either by way of contribution or transfers-in, or any realisation of investments that might have resulted in transaction costs. As a result, there have been no transaction costs.

Under the terms of its appointment, the fees of Dalriada and its advisers are met from the assets of the Scheme.

Due to the mismanagement of the Scheme by its previous trustees and the subsequent actions taken by Dalriada since appointment, it is inevitable that the Scheme has incurred, and will continue to incur, significantly higher ongoing costs than would be the case for a similarly sized but conventional scheme.

These costs for the year ending 30 June 2022 (including trustee fees and legal and other professional fees) are set out in the Accounts and total £87,670 (incl. VAT).

Dalriada has set out in its Announcements to members the actions it has taken to pursue recovery of the Scheme's assets. Generally, actions undertaken by Dalriada, beyond those considered necessary for the appropriate management of the Scheme, have centred on legal advice around the allocation and realisation/recovery of funds.

Dalriada will continue to confirm to members the amount of costs incurred in subsequent Chair Statements. In addition, a full set of Report and Accounts has been prepared which have been audited by an independent auditor, which includes an audit of any core financial transactions that have taken place.

## "Good value" assessment of charges and transactions

Generally, trustees should assess the extent to which the charges described above represent "good value" for members during the scheme year, by considering the level of member borne charges against the benefits attributable to such charges.

Whether something represents good value is not capable of being precisely defined. However, for these purposes, trustees should consider that charges may be viewed as representing good value for members where an optimum combination of cost and quality is achieved for the whole membership, relative to other options available in the market.

The characteristics of the Scheme are unusual and there are no readily available comparators to determine whether the costs incurred represent good value.

As commented above, the actions undertaken by Dalriada, beyond those considered necessary for the appropriate management of the Scheme, have centred on action around recovery of funds. Such actions are considered on a cost-benefit analysis. Where necessary, Court approval would be sought for the use of Scheme funds to pay for any legal action.

Dalriada was appointed following a tender exercise by TPR and is subject to ongoing oversight by TPR.

Dalriada's costs (both for ongoing management and regarding action around recovery of funds) are calculated using a blended charging rate. This rate sits well below Dalriada's standard market rates for senior staff. The trustee's legal advisers operate on a similar basis, albeit on a different charging rate.

As commented above, Dalriada, as a professional independent trustee, has processes and controls in place that are suitably designed to ensure any service objectives can be achieved once the Scheme is in a position to operate in the manner of a normal scheme. Dalriada's administration processes are independently audited and accredited under AAF 01/06 and AAF 02/07.

Once Dalriada is in a position to process member benefit requests these will be managed and monitored in line with Dalriada's standard SLA levels and targets, and formally reported on, on a quarterly basis.

Given the nature of the Scheme and the fact that Dalriada was appointed as Trustee with exclusive powers given TPR's concerns about the misuse and misappropriation of Scheme funds, and those concerns having been well founded, the Scheme could not and cannot provide good value to members.

As noted above we cannot produce meaningful annual benefit statements for the Scheme members. We are therefore unable to comply with the requirement to notify members in an annual benefit statement that the relevant parts of the Chair's Statement have been published on the website.

Again, as noted above, Dalriada is now working with the PPF to finalise the claim on the FCF on behalf of the Scheme. A successful FCF claim represents the best possible chance for members to see some element of recovery of their benefits under the Scheme. Further, the costs incurred by Dalriada attributable directly or indirectly to dealing with the act(s) of dishonesty giving rise to the FCF claim can be compensated for as part of the claim. Dalriada would expect a significant proportion of the costs incurred by the Scheme to date to be compensated.

Dalriada is required to advise members of the cumulative effect over time of the application of charges and costs on the value of a member's accrued rights to money purchase benefits. However, this is not possible to do until the level of FCF compensation for costs incurred is known. When Dalriada is in a position to do so, it will advise members of the cumulative effect over time of the relevant costs and charges on the value of the members' benefits.

Once the FCF claims process is complete Dalriada will wind up the Scheme and secure members benefits with an alternative registered pension provider, to the extent it is possible to do so.

## 2 Trustee knowledge and understanding

The Trustee has considered the latest guidance in relation to Chairman's Statements from TPR and has ensured that its practices reflect the requirements set out. I have set out below how the Trustee ensures it currently meets the knowledge and understanding requirements of trustees.

## DALRIADA TRUSTEES LIMITED ("DALRIADA")

Dalriada is an independent professional trustee, established in 2003, which has been appointed by TPR under section 7 of the Pensions Act 1995 to a significant number of schemes. These appointments have been as a result of TPR having concerns about the nature and operation of the schemes and the extent to which the trustees understood their statutory and fiduciary duties and responsibilities. Dalriada refers to such schemes as "Regulatory Appointments". The Scheme is a Regulatory Appointment.

Dalriada has established a specialist team drawn, from various relevant disciplines within Dalriada to manage the governance of these Regulatory Appointments, which we have called the Irregular Schemes Team.

A dedicated committee – the Irregular Schemes Committee ("the Committee") – has been established by the Board of Directors of Dalriada to oversee the activities of the Irregular Schemes Team in its governance of this Scheme and other Regulatory Appointments. Care has been taken to ensure that the membership of the Committee is such that there is sufficient knowledge and understanding to meet the requirements set out in sections 247 and 248 of the Pensions Act 2004 and TPR's Code of Practice 7 on Trustee Knowledge and Understanding.

I have set out below the membership of the Committee, along with a short summary of their skill set and experience. In addition, it is worth noting that three members of the Committee are directors of Dalriada.

Dalriada operates a team-based approach, which gives the Irregular Schemes Team access to over 120 pensions and support personnel, with a broad skill set suited to identifying and implementing the variety of tasks required to successfully manage the schemes. This includes pension administration experts, an inhouse legal team, fund accountants and investment experts. Whilst the core Irregular Schemes Team deals with the majority of matters arising on the Scheme on a day-to-day basis (in conjunction with its appointed advisers), it can access the specialist expertise of the wider Dalriada team as and when required.

As far as we are aware, no other professional independent trustee firm has established and developed a specialist team in this difficult and challenging area of trusteeship. The relevant experience developed by the Irregular Schemes Team on such cases is unmatched and unrivalled.

## THE COMMITTEE

## **Sean Browes**

Sean has been working in the pensions industry since he graduated in 1988. He worked for two major benefit consultancies in both administration management and consultancy roles, before joining Dalriada in 2003. Sean has a broad range of skills and experience suited to all areas of pension scheme management.

Sean leads the Irregular Schemes Team, dealing with Dalriada's appointments by TPR to schemes suspected of being involved in pension liberation or thought to be scams. He now has a wealth of experience and knowledge with regard to the unique characteristics associated with the administration and management of these types of scheme and the challenges they present.

Sean is a fully accredited member of the Association of Professional Pension Trustees, has completed TPR's Trustee Toolkit and holds the Pensions Management Institute's Certificate in DC Governance and Award in Pension Trusteeship (DC and DB). Sean has met all required CPD requirements.

## **Neil Copeland**

Neil is a co-founder of Dalriada. He acts as an Accredited Professional Trustee on some of our most complex and challenging cases, including our Regulatory Appointments. Neil specialises in schemes with technically challenging governance and covenant issues, as well as having over 32 years of experience in relation to defined benefit, hybrid, defined contribution, multi-employer and sectionalised arrangements.

Neil spends a significant proportion of his time working on Regulatory Appointments. Like Sean, Neil has developed considerable experience of the complex and non-standard issues faced by the Dalriada team in managing the Regulatory Appointments. This has included acting as a witness in high profile litigation in relation to Regulatory Appointments in support of TPR and representing Dalriada in oral hearings before the Determinations Panel, where Dalriada's appointment by TPR has been challenged by the incumbent trustees or other directly affected parties.

Neil is a fully accredited member of the Association of Professional Pension Trustees, has completed TPR's Trustee Toolkit and holds the Pensions Management Institute's Award in Pension Trusteeship (DC and DB). Neil has met all required CPD requirements.

#### Tom Lukic

Tom is a director of Dalriada and leads the Dalriada business across the Midlands. He has broad pensions experience with particular expertise in employer covenant and corporate transactions. He has worked with a range of trustee boards managing scheme assets from c.£5 million to more than £1 billion. Similarly, he is experienced in working with a broad spectrum of sponsoring employers from small, owner-managed businesses through to much larger and complex groups, being either privately owned or fully listed.

Tom's experience, both as an adviser and as an Accredited Professional Trustee, provides particular insight into corporate structures and insolvencies. Where the investments of Regulatory Appointments include shares and/or bonds in, or issued by, corporate entities, an understanding of the accounting and financial structures of these entities is essential and Tom provides a wealth of experience in this area.

Tom is a fully accredited member of the Association of Professional Pension Trustees, has completed TPR's Trustee Toolkit and holds the Pensions Management Institute's Award in Pension Trusteeship (DC and DB). Tom has met all required CPD requirements.

## **Brian Spence**

Brian is a co-founder and director of Dalriada. He is now involved in the provision of a wide range of advice to pension scheme sponsors and trustees. Brian is well-known in the pensions industry for taking a strategic view in dealing with pension scheme matters and uses his experience to deliver practical solutions which satisfy the needs of trustees, employers and other stakeholders. Brian is recognised by TPR and the pensions industry as an expert in dealing with contentious and/or complex issues. He is a lead contact and "key person" for a number of high-profile trustee appointments.

In addition, Brian has practical experience of working as a Professional Trustee in all three major legal jurisdictions of the UK and as a Professional Trustee and advisor in Ireland. Brian has held a UK Scheme Actuary Practicing Certificate since inception of the role in 1997.

Brian has an in-depth knowledge of legal processes, particularly around testing points of legal principle related to the operation of pension schemes, often as a result of deficiencies in scheme documentation (a common issue with Regulatory Appointments). He also has experience in litigation involving pension

schemes – where it is cost effective to do so, Dalriada will look to take legal action against the perpetrators of a scam with the aim to recover misappropriated assets.

Brian is a fully accredited member of the Association of Professional Pension Trustees, has completed TPR's Trustee Toolkit and holds the Pensions Management Institute's Award in Pension Trusteeship (DC and DB). Brian has met all required CPD requirements.

## **Amanda Banister**

Amanda is a professional trustee with a wealth of experience in the pensions industry. Before joining Dalriada, Amanda was a pensions partner in a global law firm. She also spent three years in-house at the Pension Protection Fund in its early years, shaping its legal approach and gaining wide experience in pensions policy and insolvency/restructuring. After leaving, she continued to advise the PPF on some of its highest profile and most complex matters.

Amanda's experience of working with and advising the PPF is a valuable asset to the Committee, as is her significant experience of contentious pensions issues, including Pensions Ombudsman disputes. Amanda also has a strong governance and risk management skillset, with an ability to solve testing problems, which are strongly aligned with the work of the Committee and Regulatory Appointments in general.

Amanda is a qualified solicitor, has completed TPR's Trustee Toolkit and holds the Pensions Management Institute's Award in Pension Trusteeship. Amanda has met all required CPD requirements.

## Knowledge of the trust deed and rules

## All documents setting out the trustee's current policies

The Scheme has a dedicated client manager who has an in-depth knowledge of the Scheme and its governing documentation.

At the point of becoming Independent Trustee to the Scheme, a prescribed take-on process was followed. This included an assimilation and review of all the relevant Scheme documentation, including the trust deed and rules. The Committee is made aware of any issues or risks in relation to the Scheme's trust deed and rules as and when they arise, with appropriate action agreed in relation to the issue or risk identified. In addition to the knowledge held by the client manager and Irregular Schemes Team, the Trustee obtains legal advice in relation to the Scheme's documentation, where necessary.

There have been no new trustees introduced in this reporting period. However, there is an appropriate induction process in place to support new trustees.

## A working knowledge of the current Statement of Investment Principles

As set out earlier, the Scheme does not have a SIP at this time due to the particular circumstances of the Scheme.

## Sufficient knowledge and understanding of the law relating to pensions and trusts and understanding of the principles relating to the funding and investment of occupational schemes

Those Dalriada staff working on the Scheme are obliged to self-evaluate their learning and development requirements on an annual basis as part of Dalriada's internal appraisal process. The process identifies how staff can develop their knowledge and understanding, as well as where they can share their expertise in order to best support the Scheme. Dalriada staff are also required to comply with their respective training requirements in order to maintain a required level of continuing professional education ("CPE") and to provide evidence of courses, seminars and other types of professional development to satisfy their respective professional bodies' CPE requirements.

Every Professional Trustee is required to undertake a minimum number of hours training each year. This is recorded centrally by Dalriada's Human Resources Team and, where appropriate, forms part of staff personal development plans. This training can include internal and external courses and attendance at industry events, as well as a degree of self-learning by way of subscriptions to professional publications and electronic information channels.

Further, every Professional Trustee is required to complete TPR's Trustee Toolkit and subscribes to the updates issued by TPR.

Professional Trustees belong to Dalriada's knowledge management network which keeps them up to date with industry thinking. They also have access to a team of in-house pensions experts who inform the team about changes to pensions legislation and practices.

The trustees have access to Pendragon Perspective and Aries - both industry-leading tools, giving access to pension legislation.

Dalriada has its own in-house legal specialists to provide support and guidance to trustees around legislation and interpretation of scheme documentation. This is further aided by advice from external legal advisers, which is obtained when the Trustee feels this reinforcement is necessary to support their own understanding.

## Combined knowledge and understanding, together with available advice enables the trustees to properly exercise their function

Dalriada has informally assessed the skill set and experience of each member of the Committee and the client team. It has taken into account the development activities already mentioned, along with the internal resources made available to staff, supplemented, where required, by professional external advice.

The Committee understands the need to more formally assess the skills of its members. This is done using a skills matrix developed for this purpose. Any areas for development flagged during this process will be addressed as part of the individual's personal development plan and reviewed throughout the year.

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the Committee as a whole is also carried out.

I consider that the combined knowledge and understanding of the Committee and the client team enables them to exercise properly their function as trustee of the Scheme. In particular:

Members of the Committee have the relevant financial knowledge and experience to enable the Trustee to comply with its duties in relation to investment of the Scheme's assets. Tom Lukic's experience (see above) is particularly advantageous in this area.

There is a vast range of pensions experience and knowledge within the Committee and the client team. This is appropriate to deal with the governance of the Scheme in line with the trust deed and rules, along with other scheme documentation. There is also a great deal of experience relevant to dealing with issues which might be thrown up by the Scheme which require the amendment of scheme documentation.

Sean Browes, Neil Copeland and Brian Spence have a great deal of knowledge and experience in relation to schemes of complex nature, such as this Scheme. This includes schemes where investments made by previous trustees are deemed to be highly inappropriate, their administration has been poor and / or the previous trustees have not had the sufficient knowledge and understanding to be trustees of an occupational pension scheme.

Sean Browes and Neil Copeland have many years of experience in the administration of pension schemes, allowing a keen oversight of the administration of the Scheme.

## **Member Representation**

Dalriada looks to keep members informed and to facilitate direct access for members to Dalriada by means of a:

Dedicated member website;

Dedicated contact e-mail address; and

Dedicated phone line.

Agreed as final version by the Chair of the Trustee of the Innovation Property Retirement Benefits Scheme

Dated: 26 January 2023

## **Belfast**

Linen Loft 27-37 Adelaide Street Belfast BT2 8FE

## Leeds

Princes Exchange Princes Square Leeds LS1 4HY

## Birmingham

Edmund House 12-22 Newhall Street Birmingham B3 3AS

## London

46 New Broad Street London EC2M 1JH

## Bristol

Castlemead Lower Castle Street Bristol BS1 3AG

## Manchester

St James Tower 7 Charlotte Street Manchester M1 4DZ

## Glasgow

The Culzean Building 36 Renfield Street Glasgow G2 1LU